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## Positive lifestyle factors and their effect on health and well-being

KG 1 – Benefits of exercise								
Physi	cal		Economic					
1.	Strengthens bones			Reduces NHS costs				
2.	Improves posture			Creates employment				
3.	Improves body shape			Reduces absenteeism from work				
4.	Reduces risk of CHD		Psychological					
5.	5. Boosts energy levels		12.	Improves concentrations				
6.	Improves flexibility and balance			Relieves stress				
Social			14.	Reduces depression	7			
7.	Enco	Encourages social interaction and social skills		Improves sleep				
8.	Incre	Increases confidence / self-esteem						
16.		Exercise Children: 60 minutes a day Activity across the week to develop movement skills, muscular fitness, and bone strength. Adults: 150 minutes a week, days a weeks improving strength.						
17.		Calorie IntakeMen - 2,500Women - 2,000						
18.		Fluid Intake: 2-2.5 litres of water a day (moderation of caffeine intake)						
19.		Alcohol: 14 units a week						
20.		<u>Sleep</u> : 8 hours						

KG 3 -	Benefits of a healthy balanced						
diet							
21.	Improves immune system						
22.	Maintain healthy weight						
23.	Reduced risk of chronic diseases – diabetes, osteoporosis, hypertension and high cholesterol						
KG 4 - Strategies for improving dietary intake							
24.	Timing of meals						
25.	Eating less/more of certain food groups						
26.	Five a day						
27.	Reducing salt intake						
28.	Healthy alternatives						
KG 5 -	KG 5 - Positive risk-taking activities						
29.	Participation in outdoor and adventurous activities						
30.	Endorphin release						
31.	Improves confidence						

Reducing salt intake

Healthy alternatives

32.

33.

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## Negative lifestyle factors and their effect on health and well-being

KG 6 - Smoking, health related risks			- Sleep and Stress	KG 10 - Interpreting screening information		
34.	Cancer	Long	term effects of stress:			
35.	Lung disease	44.	Stomach ulcers	53.	Blood Pressure Ideal blood pressure: 120/80mmHg High blood pressure is	
36.	Increase risk of heart attacks and strokes	45.	Heart disease / heart attack		140/90mmHg or higher	
37.	Infertility	46.	Angina		Resting heart rate Heart beats per minute. Average ranges: Males is 68 bpm	
38.	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary	47.	Hypertension	54.		
	Disease (COPD)		Effects of poor sleep:		Females is 72 bpm	
Every years, around 100,000 smokes in the UK die from smoking related causes.		48.	Poor mental health		Body Mass Index (BMI) <18.5 – Underweight 18.5-24.9 – healthy 25-30 – above healthy recommendation	
KG 7 - Alcohol, health related risks		49.	Memory problems	55.		
39.	Liver damage	50.	Poor immune system		>30 – classed as being obese.	
40.	Weight gain	51.	Overeating		<b>Waist to hip ratio test</b> Can determine levels of obesity. Divide waist in cm by hips in cm.	
41.	Brain Damage	quali	IHS recommend 8 hours of good ty sleep a night for the body to tion properly.	56.	Average ranges: Male – 0.90-0.95 Female – 0.80-0.86	
42.	Hypertension (High blood pressure)	KG 9 - Sedentary Lifestyle		Exam Q – Key word		
43.	Depression			Interpretation Learners are able to draw the meaning, purpose or qualities of something from stimulus.		
Men and women are advised not to regularly drink more than 14 units in a week.		52.	Health risks associated with inactivity			