

2. Classical Period

Composers

Classical

Classical Instruments

Homophonic Accompaniment

Alberti Bass

1

2

5

Music History of Music

Year Group: 9 – Half term 2



	eckioot				
1.	Baroque Perio	3. Minimalism			
1	Baroque	Era of music from 1600- 1750		Minimalism	Forr or m
2	Composers	Bach, Pachelbel, Vivaldi, Handel 2 Compos		Composers	Stev Nym
3	Baroque Instruments	Harpsichord, Organ, Violin, Cello, Wooden Flute	3 Syncopation		Rhyt
4	Terraced Dynamics	Sudden changes in the volume level, sometimes creating an echo effect		Cross Rhythms	Con
5	Basso Continuo	A form of musical accompaniment. It means "continuous bass". A bass line played by the left hand and doubled on the other bass instrument.	5	Diatonic Harmony	Invo prev alte
6	Harpsichord	a keyboard instrument where the strings are plucked rather than hammered.	6	Phase	The instr with
		than hammered.	7	Sampling	Re-u

Era of music from 1750-1820

Mozart, Beethoven, Haydn,

Strings, woodwind, brass and

One line of melody played by all

instruments at the same time.

A type of arpeggio, or 'broken'

chord are played in the order

chord, in which the notes of the

lowest, highest, middle, highest.

percussion all used

Sounding together

Schubert

	1	Minimalism Form of music that employs limited or minimal musical materials				
	2	Composers	Steve Reich, Phillip Glass, Michael Nyman			
	3	Syncopation	Rhythm patterns where stressed notes are placed off the beat.			
	4	Cross Rhythms	Conflicting rhythm patterns played together.			
	5	Diatonic Harmony	Involving only notes proper to the prevailing key without chromatic alteration.			
	6	Phase	The same part played on two instruments slightly out of time with each other			
	7	Sampling	Re-use of a portion of sound from another recording			
	8	Loops	Continues repletion of a musical phrase			
	4. Compositional Techniques					
	1	Imitation	Repetition of melody in a different voice (Different instrument)			
	2	Canon	A melody with one or more imitations of the melody played after a given duration			

Ornamentation

3

Musical flourishes such as a trill

(rapid playing of a notes and

the one above it)

Musical forms						
1	1 ' 1 '		AB)- where the music has two clear ections			
2	Se		ABA)- where the music has two ections then returns to the first ection			
3	Si		ABACA)- where the music has one ections which keeps returning and is andwiched between lots of different ections			
6.Key Vocab Musical elements						
1	Melody		The main tune, played on instruments or sung.			
2	Chords		Two or more notes played at once.			
3	Broken chords		Notes of chord played individually			
4	Ostinato		Repeating musical phrase			
5	Pitch		High or Low			
6	Dynamics		Volume of music			
7	Texture		Layers of instruments used- Thick or thin			
8	Timing		Playing with the pulse			

Other musical styles linked to this: Romantic, Modern, Renaissance