

Engineering Manufacture

Unit R109: Engineering materials, processes and production Lo2 - Understand Engineering Processes And Their Application

Year 10



1. Basic Engineering Processes; Material Removal

1	Sawing	Fine toothed – power saw, hacksaw , junior hacksaw, circular abrasive disc.
2	Filing	Hardened steel in the form of a bar or rod with many small cutting edges raised on its surfaces; used for smoothing or shaping objects.
3	Threading	Tapping (internal thread) uses a tap & wrench & threading (external thread) uses a die & die holder .

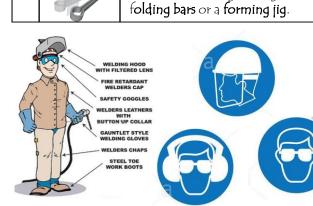
2. Basic Engineering Processes; Hand Forming

Forging

1		heating it in a fire or furnace and hammering it.
2	Casting	An object made by pouring molten metal or other material into a mould .
	Bending	Shape or force something straight

Make or shape a metal object by

into a curve or angle using a vice.,



3. Basic Engineering Processes; Joining Methods,

	nning methods,		
1	Soldering	Soldering is a process in which two or more metal items are joined together by melting and then flowing a filler metal into the joint—the filler metal having a relatively low melting point. Soldering is used to form a permanent connection between electronic components.	
2	Brazing	A metal-joining process in which two or more metal items are joined together by melting and flowing a filler metal (alloy of copper & zinc) into the joint, the filler metal having a lower melting point than the adjoining metal.	
3	Welding	Join together metal parts by heating the surfaces to the point of melting with electric arc, or other means, and forcing them together. (MIG welding & TIG welding use a third metal to bond the surfaces together).	
4	Riveting	A metal bolt that is hammered to secure pieces together.	
		Enoxy resin or contact adhesive	

		secure pieces together.
5	Adhesives	Epoxy resin or contact adhesive.
6	Self-tapping Screws	A screw that can tap its own hole as it is driven / screwed into the material.

4. Basic Engineering Processes; Heat Treatment

1	Hardening	Hardening is the process of increasing the hardness of the material by heating and then quickly cooling.
2	Tempering	Tempering is the heating process to a temperature below is critical range, holding and then cooling slowly.
3	Case Hardening	The mild steel is subjected to heating till it is bright red. It is immersed into a carbon compound that covers the outer surface
4	Annealing	Heat metal and allow it to cool very slowly, in order to remove internal stresses and toughen it.
5	Normalising	Normalising is a heat treatment process that is used to make a metal more ductile and tough after it has been subjected to thermal or mechanical hardening processes.
6	Nitriding	Nitriding is a heat treating process that diffuses nitrogen into the surface of a metal to create a case-hardened surface.





5. Basic Engineering Processes; Surface Finishing		
1	Linishing	The process of using grinding or belt sanding techniques to improve the flatness of a surface
2	Polishing	Make the surface of something smooth and shiny by rubbing it
3	Plastic/Powder Coating	A dry finishing process that uses finely ground particles of pigment and resin that are electrostatically charged and sprayed onto electrically grounded parts. The charged powder particles adhere to the part and are held there until melted into a uniform coating in an oven.
4	Painting	Use a brush or roller, or use a spray for application on metal. May require a primer before final coat is applied.
5	Electroplating	The metal is immersed in an electrolytic bath that is composed of a solution of the metal to be plated. A direct current (DC) of electricity is passed through the solution, effecting the transfer of metal onto the surface of the item.
6	Galvanising	The process of applying a protective zinc coating to steel or iron, to prevent rusting.

6. Machine Processes: Material Removal

1	Drilling	A cutting process that uses a drill bit to cut a hole of circular cross-section in solid materials. The bit is pressed against the work-piece and rotated. This forces the cutting edge against the workpiece, cutting off chips (swarf) from the hole as it is drilled.
	Turning	A material removal process , which is

used to create rotational parts by cutting away unwanted material Milling The process of machining using rotary

cutters to remove material by

advancing a cutter into a work piece. An abrasive machining process that Grinding uses a grinding wheel as the cutting tool.

8. Machine Processes: Moulding

		· 5
1	Vącuum forming	A sheet of plastic is heated to a forming temperature, stretched onto a single-surface mould, and forced against the mould by a vacuum .

		a vacuum.
	Injection Moulding	The process of melting plastic pellets (thermosetting/
2		thermoplastic polymers) that once malleable enough, are injected at pressure into a mould cavity, which
		fills and solidifies to produce the

final product





Blow

Moulding

Blow moulding is a specific manufacturing process by which hollow plastic parts are formed such as bottles or other containers.

Die Castina

Investment

Casting

Shell

3

Moulding

Extrusion

Press

Forming

Rotational

Moulding

Compression

Moulding

5

A metal casting process that is

Process in which a wax pattern is coated with a ceramic material. Once

the ceramic material is hardened the

wax is melted out and molten metal

is poured into the cavity where the

Shell mold casting is a metal casting

molten metal is poured into an

thin-walled shell created from

Used to create objects of a fixed

into a stamping press where two

surfaces form the metal into the

cross-sectional profile. A material is

pushed through a die of the desired

The process of placing flat sheet metal

A heated hollow mould which is

A process in which a plastic sheet is

placed between two matching

moulds then is softened by the

heat and forced to take the shape

of the mould as the mould closes.

filled with granules / powered polymer. It is then heated and

slowly rotated, causing the softened material to disperse and stick to the walls of the mould

process similar to sand casting, in that

expendable mould. The moulding is a

applying a sand-resin mixture around

into a mould

wax was.

a metal mould.

cross-section.

desired shape.

8. Machine Processes: Moulding

characterised by forcing molten metal

7. Machine Processes: Forming