

What was the Reformation?

1	Who was Martin Luther?	1. A German preacher whose ideas started the Reformation
2	What did he believe?	1. When bread and wine are given in church, it is a symbol of Jesus' body and blood 2. That anyone could speak directly to God, not just the Pope 3. The Catholic church were corrupt for accepting money for forgiveness 4. Priests should be allowed to marry

Why did Henry VIII want to change the religion of England?

1	Succession	1. Henry needed an heir to keep his bloodline going. 2. He thought his wife Catherine couldn't provide him with a son.
2	Love	1. Henry had fallen in love with Anne Boleyn. Anne did not want an affair, but marriage.
3	Power	1. Henry's ministers couldn't get the Pope to agree to let Henry divorce his wife. 2. Henry believed that Kings should have total power in their own country.
4	Money	1. The Church was wealthy because of tithes, donations and the land they owned. 2. Henry was poor from his wars with France and needed money to fight future wars
5	Religious Beliefs	1. Ideas from Martin Luther were starting to gain support in England 2. Many of the supporters of Anne Boleyn were Protestant.

Edward VI

1	What religion was Edward?	1. Protestant
2	What changes did he make to the church?	1. Removed the decoration from churches 2. Changed the priests' clothes to plain 3. Prayer book and services in English 4. Priests were allowed to marry
3	How did they try to stop his sister becoming Queen?	1. Edward's advisors were worried about Mary changing the religion back to Catholic 2. They tried to make his Protestant cousin – Lady Jane Grey – queen after him. 3. She was only queen for 9 days!

Mary I

1	What religion was Mary?	1. Catholic
2	What changes did she make to the Church?	1. She reversed all the changes Edward made 2. She reintroduced Latin and decorative churches
3	Why is she called 'Bloody Mary'?	1. She burned 283 people for the crime of heresy 2. When she died there was public celebration in the streets

Elizabeth I

1	What religion was Elizabeth?	1. Protestant
2	What changes did she make to the Church?	1. She made a compromise called the Middle Way - It had features of both religions 2. She didn't punish people harshly when they didn't go to Protestant Church
3	Did it solve the problem?	1. Some Catholics were unhappy and made plots to replace her. 2. The plots were unsuccessful 3. Most people were happy with her compromise

Key word Definition

Catholic	The Christian religion that is headed by the Pope. The religion of Europe at this time
Dissolution	to close something down (e.g. monasteries)
Heir	The next in line to the throne
Heretic	someone who disagrees with the accepted beliefs.
Inquisition	A powerful organisation set up by the Catholic Church to find and punish heresy
Monastery	a building or buildings occupied by a community of monks living under religious vows.
Martyr	a person who is killed due to his / her beliefs .
Pope	The head of the Catholic church. Lives in Rome
Protestant	Someone who followed the teachings of Martin Luther and protested against the Catholics
Reformation	A 16 th Century movement to reform the problems of the Catholic Church
Succession	When the throne is passed down to an heir
Tithes	Taxes paid to the church
Transubstantiation	The belief that bread and wine blessed by a priest literally turns into the body and blood of Jesus