

Knowledge Group 1		
1	What is extremism?	Having or acting about beliefs that are outside what is considered normal
2	What is terrorism?	To create political change through the use of fear and violence
3	Give two ways someone becomes radicalised.	Social media propaganda Feeling isolated or lost
4	Give two ways to prevent radicalisation	Supporting those in need Educating people against it
5	Name one negative effect of extremism	Innocent people lose their lives or can be harmed
6	Explain one religious teaching against extremism	Violence and killing is always wrong. God does not allow humans to harm one another.

Knowledge Group 2		
1	What is prejudice?	Judging someone before you know them due to their gender, race, religion etc
2	What is discrimination?	Negatively acting against someone due to their gender, race, religion etc
3	What does gender equality mean?	Both genders are seen and treated as equals
4	Give one way religion is helping to combat world poverty	They have charities that provide short term and long term aid
5	What is racism?	Abusive behaviour against another because they have a different race
6	What does freedom of religious expression mean?	The right to follow any religion and believe in what you choose

Knowledge Group 3		
1	What does heterosexuality mean?	Being attracted to someone of a different gender
2	What does homosexuality mean?	Being attracted to someone of the same gender
3	What does the law state about homosexuality?	It's legal and cannot be discriminated against
4	What is genocide?	Mass killing of a group of people
5	Give two examples of	Holocaust- genocide of the Jews Rwanda

Knowledge Group 4		
1	Give two ways of controlling women	FGM Violence
2	Explain what religion teaches about controlling women	It's wrong, no forms of it are allowed in religion
3	What is CSE?	Child sexual exploitation
4	What is FGM?	Female genital mutilation
5	Give two ways to help stop CSE and Grooming	Telling someone trusted Calling the police
6	What should you do if you think someone is at risk of harm?	Tell someone immediately such as a parent or teacher. Never keep secrets

Key word	Definition
Equality	the state of being equal, in status, rights and opportunities
Prejudice	unfairly judging someone before facts are known; holding bias against an individual or group.
Discrimination	actions or behaviour that result from prejudice
Equity	accounting for people's differences to make them equal
Gender equality	Men and women being treated completely equal not dependant of their gender
Gender inequality	Men and women being treated differently because of their gender
Heterosexual	to be sexually attracted to someone of the opposite sex
Homosexual	to be sexually attracted to someone of the same sex
Racism	discriminatory or abusive behaviour towards members of another race the prejudice that members of one race are intrinsically superior to members of other races
Freedom of religious expression-	it means you have the right to believe in and follow any religion you choose.
Freedom from persecution-	this means you are fully protected legally if anyone tries to persecute you because of your religion.
Ahimsa	Respect for all living things and avoidance of violence towards others.
Exclusivism	Disregard for the opinions and ideas of others
Extremism	Supporting something that is outside of the usual norms in society
Fundamentalism	Strict adherence to a set of principles
Oppression	Prolonged cruel or unjust treatment
Peace	A state or period in which there is no war or a war has ended.
Persecution	Hostility and ill-treatment, especially because of race or religious beliefs
Radicalisation	The process of causing someone to become a supporter of terrorism, or forms of extremism that lead to terrorism
Terrorism	The unlawful use of violence and intimidation, in the pursuit of political goals.
Violence	Behaviour involving physical force intended to hurt, damage, or kill someone or something.
Genocide	killing a specific group of people because of what they believe in.
Arranged marriage	Arranged Marriage is carried out when both parties agree.
Forced marriage	Marriage is carried out without the consent of the person/ people and often involves pressure or coercion.
FGM	Also known as female genital cutting and female circumcision, is the ritual removal of some or all of the external female genitalia.
Breast ironing	Also known as breast flattening, is the pounding and massaging of a pubescent girl's breasts, using hard or heated objects, to try to make them stop developing or disappear.
Domestic Abuse	Is an incident or pattern of incidents of controlling, coercive, threatening, degrading and violent behaviour, including sexual violence, by a partner or ex-partner.
Honour based Violence	Can take many forms, e.g. threatening behaviour, assault, rape, kidnap, abduction, forced abortion, threats to kill and false imprisonment committed due to so called 'honour'.
Child sexual exploitation	Is a type of sexual abuse. When a child or young person is exploited they're given things, like gifts, drugs, money, status and affection, in exchange for performing sexual activities.
Grooming	Children and young people are tricked into believing they're in a loving and consensual relationship. They may trust their abuser and not understand that they're being abused.

The world is an extreme place, whether that's in its history or in the present day. Extremism is found in all countries and cultures and sometimes crosses over with religion. However all religions condemn violence, killing and harming. It is the corruption of people's minds that causes extremism, which can be in many different forms.



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4	Give two ways to prevent radicalisation	
5	Name one negative effect of extremism	
6	Explain one religious teaching against extremism	

## Knowledge Group 2

1	What is prejudice?	
2	What is discrimination?	
3	What does gender equality mean?	
4	Give one way religion is helping to combat world poverty	
5	What is racism?	
6	What does freedom of religious expression mean?	

## Knowledge Group 3

1	what does heterosexuality mean?	
2	what does homosexuality mean?	
3	What does the law state about homosexuality?	
4	What is genocide?	
5	Give two examples of genocides	

## Knowledge Group 4

1	Give two ways of controlling women	
2	Explain what religion teaches about controlling women	
3	What is CSE?	
4	What is grooming?	
5	Give two ways to help stop CSE and Grooming	
6	What should you do if you think someone is at risk of harm?	

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